

Understanding Payroll

Learn How to Use Financial Metrics From the Cost of Doing Business Study to Improve Your Business

Understanding the Metric

WHAT IS PAYROLL?

Payroll is a major portion of your expenses, and you must find a balance for paying the necessary number of employees to run your business while also producing a healthy profit margin. Employing more workers than necessary results in an excess amount of money tied up in payroll, but having too few employees can mean poor customer service, a stressed and stretched-thin staff and unhappy customers.

Without being too intrusive, monitor how long employees are on paid breaks. Are they adhering to company policies or are they going over break time by 10 or 15 minutes?

Use your POS system and payroll processing data to their full potential in analyzing the number of employees on the floor compared to productivity levels.

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To compare your store's payroll against the industry average, determine payroll as a percentage of sales by simply dividing payroll dollars by net sales.

HOW DOES YOUR STORE MEASURE UP?

Before you make any drastic changes or decide if payroll is a metric you need to take action on, evaluate your payroll compared to averages in the industry by using the North American Hardware and Paint Association (NHPA) Cost of Doing Business Study. NHPA has conducted this study annually for more than 100 years and provides detailed financial information from hardware stores, home centers and lumber/building material outlets, and also compares data from typical and high-profit stores.

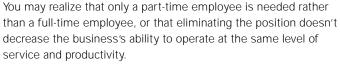
Use the percentages in the green box on the right to see how your store's payroll as a percentage of sales compares to other stores in your operation's sector. Is your store's payroll lower than or above that of a high-profit store?

Even if your payroll numbers are lower than a high-profit store's, you may still want to evaluate your payroll on a regular basis to continuously look for ways to improve productivity and profits.

If your operation's payroll is higher than a high-profit or typical store, make an effort to determine what factors are causing the difference. For the next month, take time to analyze payroll and employee productivity. Look at when and why overtime occurs. Analyze how many employees are on the floor at one time. Is there downtime? Are you overstaffed during certain times and understaffed during others?

- Be transparent: If you plan big changes for your operation's pay structure, let your employees know and explain what is happening, what to expect and why. Make your staff aware of the changes up front, and they will likely respect that they were brought into the process early and accept the changes before they happen.
- Ask for volunteers: Maybe a few hourly employees have
 wanted to take time off, or others want to retire but are under
 the impression that the store needs them. If you are honest and
 direct about the store's staffing needs, then volunteers may come
 forward to take vacation time or set retirement dates.
- Consolidate job descriptions: Analyze the current positions at your store. Group similar positions together and determine if multiple jobs could be consolidated into one.

- Evaluate pay structure: Once you've analyzed the different positions within your operation, decide if there are any full-time positions that could be part time or vice versa. For example, there may be two similar part-time job descriptions that could be consolidated into one full-time position.
- Let people go: Decreasing head counts is an option, but should never be a go-to choice unless you have to do it for the business to survive. However, if employees are already leaving, use the opportunity to assess whether you need to replace them. Take a time of transition to operate with one less employee and see how it impacts your customer service and productivity levels.
- Make a pay cut: Pay cuts should never be your first step to decrease payroll, but may be necessary. If you do implement pay cuts, handle them delicately, and do not exclude the owner and upper management.
- Move outsourcing in-house: Instead of outsourcing lawn care and maintenance, move those and other duties in house and assign them to current employees.
- Reduce hours and pay to match: Rather than letting employees go, reduce employees' hours and decrease pay accordingly. Maybe an employee would like more free time and would prefer to work half days rather than full days. Maybe an employee wants to slowly transition into retirement, decreasing their hours over time.
- Hire slowly, fire quickly: If you recently let someone go, do not
 post job listings immediately unless you are already short staffed.
 Take time to assess workflow without that person present.



If you need to hire new employees to fill positions, do not hesitate to let them go if problems arise. Do not employ people long term if their attitudes and work ethics are mediocre and they consistently underperform or violate company policies.

• **Determine optimal scheduling times:** Do you have enough employees on the floor at busy times? Are there too many people on the floor at one time?

Use POS data to determine what your store's busiest hours are and how many people are needed to effectively help customers.

Sometimes stores have four employees mingling and talking near the cash registers, while other stores have five different staff members asking if a customer needs assistance within a few minutes' time. Overstaffing is expensive, so you need to ensure you not only implement optimal scheduling but also track employee productivity.

New technology solutions, such as apps and software, can do the scheduling for you so you don't have to spend hours determining optimal scheduling manually.

- Overtime: Is overtime being abused? Assessing this issue goes hand in hand with deciding on optimal scheduling and setting pay scales that make sense for specific positions. Determine if overtime hours can be reduced or eliminated, or if it would be more cost effective to move some workers' overtime hours to a new part-time employee who gets a lower pay rate.
- Reduce turnover: Improving turnover involves hiring the right people, providing effective training and having regular conversations with employees to ensure they are happy with the company. Ensure they are achieving their goals and can openly communicate about their needs.
- **Training**: Have a good onboarding program and continuous training initiatives. A focus on training will not only help decrease turnover but will also increase employee productivity.
- Rethink bonuses: Link monetary bonuses to productivity or goals so employees who are truly deserving of bonuses receive them.
 Or, find ways to give nonmonetary bonuses, such as extra days off.
- Restructure benefits: Evaluate your current benefits structure or find different service providers. Consider making changes to insurance plans by increasing deductibles and copays. If your insurance provider repeatedly increases its prices, check what other companies offer the services you need and be open to alternatives. Aside from changing insurance plans, you can also cut costs by lowering company matches for your employees' 401(k) plan.



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Buchheit Enterprises

Eight stores in Illinois and Missouri

Buchheit Enterprises operates stores that are high performers by industry standards, and the company's payroll-to-sales ratio reflects that, with payroll costing roughly 10 percent of sales.

However, that impressive percentage doesn't mean the business hasn't had payroll problems to tackle. Those issues have included high turnover—which requires time and money for repeatedly recruiting, hiring and training for the same positions—and lack of employee productivity where standardized work procedures weren't in place.

The company's leadership knew the staff turnover was high and that the stores were procedurally inconsistent with tasks as basic as refilling the soda coolers or restocking snacks in the impulse areas, says Tim Buchheit, president and CEO. He felt like he was repeatedly training employees on the same small duties, he says.

And when it came to turnover, the leadership saw many new employees weren't sticking with Buchheit Enterprises longer than one week on the job. Exit interviews with outgoing employees confirmed what they had begun to suspect: new employee training was consistently inadequate.

In 2015, the leadership team heavily emphasized a revamp of training to reduce turnover and improve productivity for all 400 retail staffers. The initiatives have brought dramatic results.

Addressing Turnover

Buchheit's training program prior to 2015 included bringing new employees to the company's corporate office to complete paperwork, learn to log into the computer system and get some safety orientation.

Once new hires started their duties at the stores, they missed out on some simple, yet important, training steps, such as meeting their coworkers, learning who to talk to if they had work questions and getting clarity on whether they were making progress on learning to do their jobs.

"We put them on the floor and they didn't know the basic stuff," Buchheit says.

So, Buchheit Enterprises took its meager training program and beefed it up, adding about 80 percent more training, including a formal in-store orientation and videos to improve product knowledge.

Now, new hires get all of their training at the store where they work. In the first week, they systematically meet coworkers, get to know the store layout and learn how to ring up transactions and take product exchanges at the cash registers.

Managers also now use standard checklists to make sure training is consistent and happening the way it should be.

In addition, every employee gets daily, weekly and monthly checklists for the jobs they do. Workers then mark off completed tasks on electronic checklists so managers can track how much of their work they're completing.

Holding employees accountable for following their checklists allows managers to move beyond retraining on basic tasks to growing their workers' skillsets.

"That's the beauty of it. It allows you to go in and work on a simple little process, fix it and go on to the next thing," Buchheit says. "All of the sudden, you start getting traction, and after you get traction, you get momentum."

The added training has resulted in growth in productivity overall for Buchheit staffers, as well as increased confidence, competence and job satisfaction for both existing and new employees at the stores.

Within about one year, the company cut turnover by 25 percent, quickly reducing hiring costs and improving job performance.

Improving Payroll Productivity

In addition to reducing turnover, Buchheit's revamp of its training methods has brought opportunities to improve overall staff productivity.

The checklists provide ways to measure employee performance and offer accountability for continuous improvement.

With standard new-hire training procedures in place, Buchheit Enterprises has advanced to a focus on maximizing overall staff productivity through ongoing training and incentives for top-notch work.

Now that the company has training systems and a library of industryspecific educational videos, Buchheit managers can push all employees to learn more and always be polishing their skills.

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Initially, many of the existing employees weren't enthusiastic about new expectations for ongoing training, but they have embraced the new system after watching how quickly new hires are learning responsibilities—even some tasks that longtime employees hadn't learned yet, Buchheit says.

The managers are also now required to evaluate their employees quarterly, unbeknownst to the workers, on areas including willingness to help customers, punctuality and productivity. The managers can then acknowledge and reward great performance, but also identify employees' weak areas.

"We've done a 180," Buchheit says. "It's helped us recognize our superstars, but also, with the middle of the road folks, it's allowed us to see what we needed to focus on to make them superstars."

These training changes have helped Buchheit employees be more productive, offering opportunities to increase their compensation.

Better use of time adds to the value of the money the company already invests in employee salaries and benefits.

"One of the things I would like to be able to say in a few years is that we have the highest paid people in our industry," Buchheit says. "But to do that, they have to be that much more productive."

OTHER RESOURCES